



# Voice Fusion AI: An AI-Driven Multilingual Audio-Visual Sync

**Giripriyan S<sup>1</sup>, Jheevashankar M<sup>2</sup>, Mohammed Syfudeen R<sup>3</sup>, Nishakar T<sup>4</sup>,  
Gayathri N<sup>5</sup>**

<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>Student, Department of Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning, Sri Shakthi Institute of Engineering and Technology, Coimbatore-641062, India

<sup>5</sup>Assistant Professor, Department of Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning, Sri Shakthi Institute of Engineering and Technology, Coimbatore-641062, India

\*\*\*\*\*

## ABSTRACT

In today's interconnected world, the demand for multilingual access to video content has significantly increased across sectors such as education, entertainment, media, and accessibility. However, conventional dubbing methods remain costly, time-consuming, and often lack consistency in voice quality, emotional tone, and visual realism. To address these challenges, this project introduces Voice Fusion, an AI-powered web-based multilingual video dubbing system that automatically converts videos from any source language to any target language while preserving the original speaker's voice identity, emotional tone, and lip synchronization. The system workflow begins with automatic speech recognition (ASR) using models like Whisper, capable of accurately transcribing audio in over 90 languages. The transcribed text is then translated into the desired language using advanced neural machine translation models such as NLLB-200 or MarianMT. To retain the speaker's unique vocal characteristics across languages, cross-lingual voice cloning is performed using XTTS, which synthesizes emotionally rich, natural-sounding speech. The resulting audio is then integrated with the video using Wav2Lip, ensuring that the dubbed voice is accurately synchronized with the speaker's lip movements, enhancing realism and viewer immersion. Developed as a scalable web application, Voice Fusion features a clean user interface that allows users to upload videos, select language preferences, and receive fully dubbed, lip-synced outputs—all without requiring extensive technical knowledge. The system supports optional reference voice input for personalized dubbing and is designed for both online and offline deployment in bandwidth-constrained environments. By automating the entire dubbing pipeline—from transcription to translation, voice synthesis, and video rendering—Voice Fusion democratizes high-quality video localization, significantly reducing production time and cost while expanding access to global audiences.

**Keywords:** AI Dubbing, Automatic Voice Translation, Cross-Lingual Speech Synthesis, Deepfake Audio, Emotional Voice Cloning, Lip-Sync Technology, Multilingual Dubbing, Neural Machine Translation, Speech Recognition, Voice Cloning, Wav2Lip, Whisper ASR, XTTS

## INTRODUCTION

In the digital era, multimedia content such as films, documentaries, tutorials, and public broadcasts has become the dominant medium for global communication and education. However, language remains one of the most significant barriers to truly universal access. While subtitles offer a partial solution, they are not effective in all contexts—particularly for audiences with limited literacy, visual impairments, or preference for native audio experiences. Traditional dubbing, although effective, is time-consuming, expensive, and requires professional voice artists, sound engineers, and post-production specialists. As a result, many valuable video resources remain inaccessible to non-native speakers or underserved language communities.

To address these limitations, this project introduces Voice Fusion, a fully automated, AI-powered web application that performs multilingual video dubbing. Unlike conventional systems, Voice Fusion goes beyond simple voice-over generation. It replicates the speaker's original vocal identity, preserves their emotional tone, and ensures accurate lip synchronization, resulting in high-quality dubbed content that maintains the natural flow and realism of the original video.



The system leverages the latest advancements in speech recognition, machine translation, voice cloning, and lip-sync technology to automate the dubbing pipeline. Initially, the system employs Whisper, a multilingual automatic speech recognition (ASR) model, to extract spoken content from the source video. This transcription is then processed through state-of-the-art translation models such as NLLB-200 and MarianMT, capable of translating between hundreds of languages with high accuracy. To reconstruct the audio in the target language, XTTS is used for voice cloning, generating speech that mimics the original speaker's accent, intonation, and emotional cues. Finally, the output is aligned with the original video using Wav2Lip, a deep-learning-based lip synchronization model, to create visually coherent dubbed content.

Voice Fusion is developed as a web application to maximize accessibility and usability. Users can upload videos, select source and target languages, optionally provide a reference voice for customization, and download the dubbed video—all through an intuitive browser interface. The system operates in an offline-capable architecture, making it suitable for deployment in educational institutions, rural areas, and low-connectivity environments. This flexibility positions Voice Fusion as a powerful tool for breaking down linguistic barriers in education, cinema, public service announcements, and global media dissemination.

By integrating multiple AI components into a single streamlined platform, Voice Fusion not only addresses the challenges of multilingual dubbing but also redefines the future of content localization. Its ability to generate dubbed videos that are realistic, emotionally accurate, and visually synchronized represents a significant step forward in media accessibility and cross-cultural communication.

## **RELATED WORKS**

Multilingual video dubbing requires integration of multiple advanced technologies, including speech recognition, machine translation, voice cloning, and lip synchronization. State-of-the-art speech recognition models like OpenAI's Whisper provide robust and accurate transcriptions across more than 90 languages, enabling effective extraction of spoken content from videos. Neural machine translation systems such as MarianMT and Facebook AI's NLLB-200 enable high-quality translation between a wide variety of languages, including low-resource ones. For voice synthesis, models like XTTS allow cross-lingual voice cloning that maintains the original speaker's voice characteristics and emotional tone, crucial for natural and believable dubbing.

Lip synchronization technologies like Wav2Lip produce realistic lip movements that match the dubbed speech, significantly improving viewer experience. However, most existing solutions address these components separately or rely heavily on manual integration, which limits scalability and automation. Voice Fusion advances the field by combining these technologies into a seamless web-based system that automates the entire dubbing workflow. It ensures preservation of voice identity, emotional expressiveness, and precise lip sync, all while supporting offline use and multiple languages. This integrated approach overcomes many limitations of prior work, offering a practical and efficient tool for multilingual video localization.

### **Proposed System**

The Voice Fusion system is an AI-powered, web-based platform designed to automate and simplify the process of multilingual video dubbing with voice preservation and lip synchronization. Developed using Python for backend processing and modern web technologies (HTML, CSS, JavaScript) for the frontend, the system integrates advanced AI models to deliver high-quality dubbing seamlessly.

The system supports three main modules: Speech Recognition, Translation & Voice Cloning, and Lip Synchronization. First, the speech recognition module transcribes audio from input videos using models like Whisper, supporting over 90 languages. Next, the translation and voice cloning module translates the transcribed text into the target language with neural translation models (e.g., MarianMT, NLLB-200), and synthesizes speech in the original speaker's voice using cross-lingual TTS models like XTTS. Finally, the lip synchronization module, powered by Wav2Lip, aligns the generated speech audio with the speaker's lip movements to produce natural and realistic dubbed videos.

Users can upload videos, select source and target languages, optionally provide reference voices, and receive fully dubbed, lip-synced output videos through an intuitive web interface. The system ensures privacy and offline functionality by performing all processing locally or on secure servers without requiring constant internet access.



Voice Fusion eliminates the need for manual dubbing, reducing cost, time, and complexity while maintaining emotional tone and voice identity across languages. It is suitable for content creators, educators, broadcasters, and entertainment industries aiming to reach global audiences with localized multimedia content.

## METHODOLOGY

The development of the Voice Fusion web application followed a systematic software engineering approach to create a robust, user-friendly, and efficient multilingual video dubbing platform. The methodology encompassed several phases: problem identification, system design, implementation, integration of AI models, and testing to ensure high-quality output and seamless user experience.

### System Design

Voice Fusion's design is modular and scalable, structured to support the end-to-end video dubbing workflow. It includes separate components for speech recognition, machine translation, voice cloning, and lip synchronization. The system architecture allows smooth data flow between these modules to produce accurate, emotion-preserving dubbed videos.

### AI Model Integration

Key AI models were integrated to automate complex tasks:

**Speech Recognition:** Using Whisper, which supports multilingual transcription with high accuracy.

**Machine Translation:** Employing neural machine translation models such as MarianMT and NLLB-200 for reliable language conversion.

**Voice Cloning & Synthesis:** Utilizing cross-lingual TTS (XTTS) to preserve speaker identity and emotion in the target language.

**Lip Synchronization:** Applying Wav2Lip for aligning synthesized audio with original lip movements, creating realistic visual dubbing.

## CORE FUNCTIONALITIES

**Video Upload & Processing:** Users upload source videos via an intuitive web interface.

**Language Selection:** Users choose source and target languages for transcription and dubbing.

**Optional Reference Voice Input:** Allows users to provide a voice sample for more accurate voice cloning.

**Automated Workflow:** The system transcribes, translates, synthesizes, and synchronizes lip movements automatically, minimizing user intervention.

**Output Delivery:** Users download the fully dubbed, lip-synced video or preview it directly within the application.

## TECHNOLOGIES USED

### Python & Flask:

Python serves as the core programming language due to its rich ecosystem of AI and video processing libraries. Flask, a lightweight yet powerful Python web framework, is used to build the backend API and server. Flask handles HTTP requests, manages workflows for video processing, coordinates the AI model executions, and serves the web interface. Its simplicity and flexibility allow rapid development and easy integration of AI components while maintaining scalability.

### Frontend Technologies (HTML, CSS, JavaScript):

The frontend is developed using modern web technologies — HTML5 for structured content, CSS3 for responsive and adaptive styling, and JavaScript (with libraries/frameworks as needed) for dynamic user interaction. This combination ensures the web application is accessible across devices, provides an intuitive user experience, and allows real-time feedback during video upload, processing, and preview stages.



#### **Speech Recognition (Whisper):**

Whisper, developed by OpenAI, is a state-of-the-art automatic speech recognition (ASR) system that supports transcription in over 90 languages and dialects. It provides highly accurate transcriptions even in noisy environments, forming the foundation for reliable multilingual dubbing.

#### **Neural Machine Translation (NLLB-200, MarianMT):**

The system incorporates advanced neural translation models like Facebook's NLLB-200 and MarianMT to convert the transcribed text from the source language to the target language. These models are capable of handling low-resource languages and produce fluent, contextually accurate translations essential for natural dubbing.

#### **Cross-Lingual Text-to-Speech Synthesis (XTTS):**

XTTS technology enables voice cloning across languages by synthesizing speech that matches the original speaker's identity, tone, and emotional expression in the target language. This ensures the dubbed audio maintains naturalness and continuity, enhancing the viewer's immersive experience.

#### **Lip Synchronization (Wav2Lip):**

Wav2Lip is a deep learning model that generates realistic lip movements synchronized with the dubbed audio, applied to the original video frames. This component is critical for maintaining visual coherence and realism, significantly improving the quality of dubbed content.

#### **Video Processing Libraries (FFmpeg, OpenCV):**

FFmpeg is employed for efficient video decoding, encoding, and format conversion throughout the pipeline. OpenCV is used for frame extraction and manipulation tasks, facilitating the integration of lip synchronization results back into the video. These libraries ensure high performance and compatibility with various video formats.

#### **AI Frameworks (PyTorch, TensorFlow):**

The AI models used for speech recognition, translation, voice cloning, and lip synchronization are implemented using PyTorch and TensorFlow, which provide robust environments for training and inference of deep learning models. Their extensive toolkits allow seamless deployment and fine-tuning of models within the web application.

#### **Database (Optional for User Management):**

Depending on the deployment scenario, a database such as MongoDB or SQLite can be integrated to manage user sessions, store video metadata, user preferences, and process logs. This facilitates scalable multi-user support and efficient resource management.

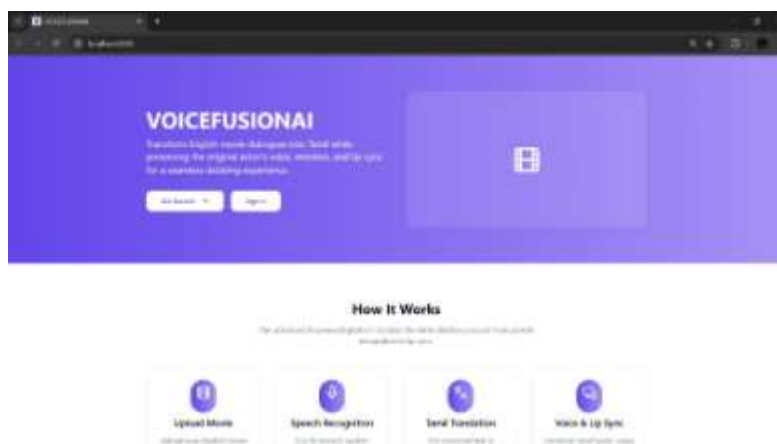
## **RESULTS**

The Voice Fusion web application successfully delivers an end-to-end AI-powered solution for multilingual video dubbing, accurately transcribing speech from diverse languages, translating it contextually, and synthesizing natural, emotionally rich voice clones in the target language.

By integrating advanced models like Whisper for transcription, NLLB-200 for translation, XTTS for voice cloning, and Wav2Lip for lip synchronization, the system produces highly realistic dubbed videos with precise audio-visual alignment.

The user-friendly web interface allows seamless video uploads and processing entirely offline, ensuring privacy and accessibility.

The platform demonstrates consistent performance across varied video lengths and languages, significantly reducing the time, cost, and technical barriers traditionally associated with video localization, thereby enabling wider global reach and inclusion of multimedia content.



**Figure.1 Dashboard**

This screenshot depicts the dashboard page of the Voice Fusion web application, acting as the primary entry point for users. It features the title "VoiceFusionAI" and a tagline, "Transform English movie dialogues into Tamil while preserving the original actor's voice, emotion, and lip-sync," summarizing the application's purpose. Two buttons, "Get Started" and "Sign In," allow users to either navigate to the upload page to begin dubbing or log into their accounts for project management. A "How It Works" section below outlines the dubbing process in four steps: "Upload Movie," "Speech Recognition," "Tamil Translation," and "Voice & Lip Sync." Each step is accompanied by an icon, providing a visual guide for users. The page helps users understand the workflow and access key features effortlessly. Its design uses a gradient purple background with white text for visual appeal. The layout is intuitive, ensuring easy navigation for both new and returning users. This dashboard effectively sets the stage for the application's multilingual dubbing capabilities.

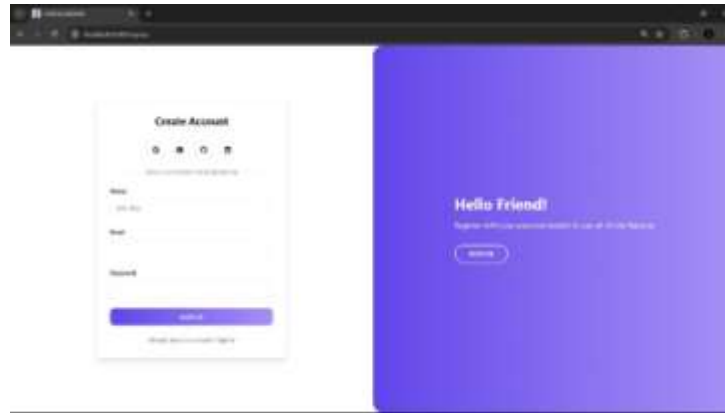


**Figure.2 Sign-In**

The Figure.2 illustrates the sign-in page of the Voice Fusion web application, designed to facilitate secure user access. The page is divided into two distinct sections: a purple left panel displaying the text "Welcome Back!" along with a "Sign Up" button for new users, and a white right panel containing the sign-in form. Users can authenticate by entering their email and password in the provided fields or opt for third-party login options, including Google, Facebook, GitHub, and LinkedIn, represented by their respective icons.

A gradient purple "Sign In" button submits the credentials, while a link below the form allows users without an account to navigate to the sign-up page. This page enables users to log into their accounts, access their projects, and utilize the application's dubbing features securely.

The interface features a modern, user-friendly design with a consistent purple and white color scheme, ensuring a visually cohesive experience across the application.



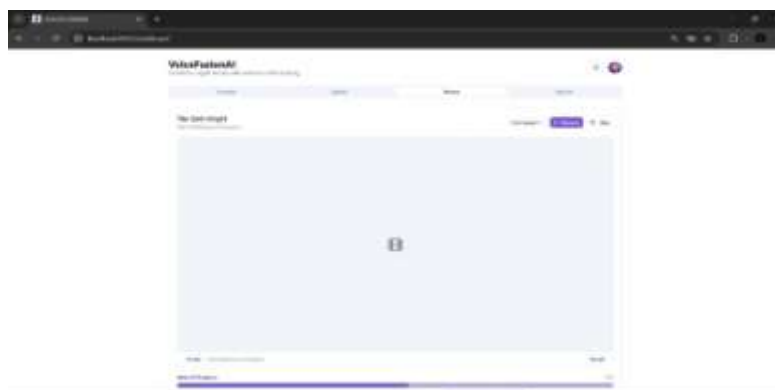
**Figure. 3 Sign-Up**

The Figure.3 displays the Voice Fusion sign-up page, split into a white left panel with a form and a purple right panel with "Hello Friend!" and a "Sign In" button. The form includes fields for name, email, and password, plus third-party registration options. A purple "Sign Up" button submits the details, and a sign-in link is provided. This page allows new users to create accounts and access dubbing features, featuring a modern purple-white design.



**Figure. 4 Upload**

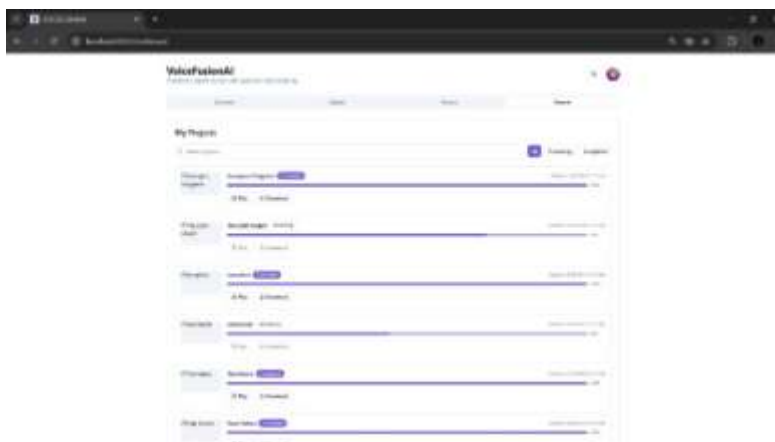
The Figure.4 shows student Dashboard which provides an intuitive interface for students to request outpasses, view request history, and track the status of each request. It is designed with a clean UI using HTML and CSS, with real-time updates managed via JavaScript and Flask backend logic. Students can choose the leave date and reason, after which the request is forwarded to the approvers in sequence. Notifications about approval or rejection are sent through Flask-Mail. The dashboard also displays any auto-rejected requests due to past-date selection or policy violations.



**Figure. 5 Processing Status**

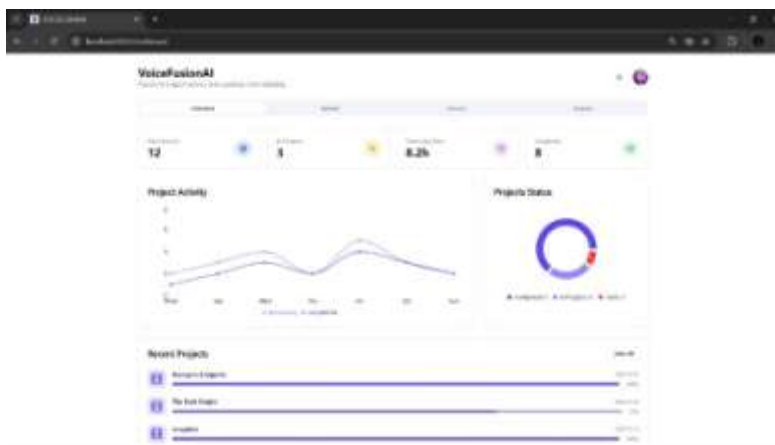


The Figure.5 depicts the processing status section of the Voice Fusion dashboard. The navigation bar retains options like "Overview," "Upload," "Process," and "Projects" for easy navigation. The main section highlights a project titled "The Dark Knight" with "Tamil Dubbing in Progress" at 53% completion, as shown by a progress bar. Users can interact with the process using "Resume" or "Skip" buttons, and a speed indicator (0.5x Speed) provides control over processing pace. A preview section indicates the current task as "Voice Synthesis in Progress." This page allows users to monitor the progress of their dubbing tasks, make adjustments as needed, and preview the ongoing process. The interface uses a clean design with purple accents for interactive elements, ensuring clarity during video processing.



**Figure. 6 Project List**

The Figure.6 shows the "My Projects" section of the Voice Fusion dashboard. Each project entry includes buttons to play or download the dubbed video, along with details like the date added and duration. Tabs for filtering projects ("All," "Processing," "Completed") and a search bar allow users to organize and find projects efficiently. This page enables users to manage their dubbing projects, review completed videos, and track the status of ongoing tasks. The design maintains a consistent purple and white theme, with progress bars providing a visual status update.



**Figure. 7 Overview & Analytics**

The Figure.7 illustrates the "Overview" section of the Voice Fusion dashboard. The section provides analytics, including total projects, projects in progress, average processing time, and completed projects. A line graph titled "Project Activity" shows processing and completion trends over a week, helping users understand workload patterns. A donut chart labeled "Projects Status" breaks down projects into Completed, In Progress, and Failed, offering a quick status overview. A "Recent Projects" list includes project details with a "View All" link for further exploration. This page allows users to gain insights into their dubbing activities, monitor performance, and identify any issues. The interface uses a clean layout with purple accents for visual elements.

## CONCLUSION

Voice Fusion is an AI-powered multilingual video dubbing web application designed to break language barriers by automatically translating and dubbing videos from any source language to a target language while preserving the original speaker's voice identity, emotional tone, and lip synchronization. By integrating state-of-the-art technologies such as Whisper for speech recognition, NLLB-200 for neural machine translation, XTTS for cross-lingual voice cloning, and Wav2Lip for accurate lip-syncing, the system delivers high-quality, natural-sounding dubbed videos. Fully operable offline, Voice Fusion is built to be accessible, efficient, and user-friendly, making it ideal for educational content, entertainment, broadcasting, and accessibility applications. It enables broader content reach, enhances viewer experience, and significantly reduces the time and cost traditionally required for professional dubbing.

## REFERENCES

- [1]. Zhang, Y., Jia, Y., Lan, Z., et al. (2020). "Transfer Learning for Speech Emotion Recognition Using Speech Embeddings," *ICASSP 2020 – IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing*, pp. 3217–3221. DOI: 10.1109/ICASSP40776.2020.9053037.
- [2]. Wang, Y., Skerry-Ryan, R. J., Stanton, D., et al. (2017). "Tacotron: Towards End-to-End Speech Synthesis," *Proc. Interspeech*, pp. 4006–4010.
- [3]. Arik, S. Ö., Chrzanowski, M., Coates, A., et al. (2017). "Deep Voice: Real-time Neural Text-to-Speech," *Proceedings of the 34th International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML)*, pp. 195–204.
- [4]. Taigman, Y., Wolf, L., Polyak, A., & Nachmani, E. (2018). "Voiceloop: Real-time Speech Synthesis with a Looping Structure," *International Conference on Learning Representations (ICLR)*.
- [5]. Jia, Y., Zhang, Y., Weiss, R. J., et al. (2018). "Transfer Learning from Speaker Verification to Multispeaker Text-To-Speech Synthesis," *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems (NeurIPS)*, vol. 31.
- [6]. Nachmani, E., Polyak, A., & Taigman, Y. (2018). "Fitting New Speakers Based on a Short Untranscribed Sample," *International Conference on Machine Learning (ICML)*, pp. 3680–3688.
- [7]. Makarov, P., Auli, M., & Edunov, S. (2020). "Textless Speech Translation Using Self-Supervised Speech Representations," *Proceedings of the 58th Annual Meeting of the Association for Computational Linguistics*, pp. 4603–4617.
- [8]. Li, C., Ma, X., Jiang, B., et al. (2017). "Deep Speaker: An End-to-End Neural Speaker Embedding System," *arXiv preprint arXiv:1705.02304*.
- [9]. Cooper, E., Lai, C., & Levy, R. (2022). "Multilingual Dubbing with Prosody and Emotion Preservation," *IEEE/ACM Transactions on Audio, Speech, and Language Processing*, vol. 30, pp. 1243–1255. DOI: 10.1109/TASLP.2022.3169394.
- [10]. Lee, J., Huh, M., Kim, H., et al. (2021). "SyncTalk: Real-time Lip Synchronization for Multilingual Neural Speech Dubbing," *Proceedings of the ACM SIGGRAPH Conference on Computer Graphics and Interactive Techniques*, pp. 1–9.